Lecture #1

INTRODUCTION (Chapter 1)

Financial Manager's Primary Responsibility:

Value Creation

Entry Point

- Startup Build
 - o Economic Studies
 - Acquiring Initial Funds (Equity/Debt)
 - o The Right Price / Cost as compared to Future Cash Flows
 - o Form of Organization: Sole Proprietorship/Partnership/Corporation
 - o Going Private/Public
 - o Set-Up Management Resources
- Acquisition / Merger of Existing
 - Acquiring Initial Funds (Equity/Debt)
 - o The Right Price / Cost as compared to Future Cash Flows
 - o New Management or Existing?
 - Going Private/Public

Value Creation - Managerial Goals / Strategies

Goals:

- Create Value
 - Maximize Profit = shareholder value
 - o Minimize Costs
 - o Beat the competition / Maximize sales or market share
 - o Survive (avoid financial distress and bankruptcy

Strategies

- Operating Strategies
 - o Grow internally manage Revenue, Expenses & Cash Flow Volume/Price
 - o Manage Systematic Risk / Credit Risk / Market Risk / Operational Risk
- Transactional Strategies
 - Grow through acquisitions
 - o Franchising / Owning
 - o Management Contracts / Real Estate / Sale Leaseback.
- Financial Strategies
 - o Refinancing / Optimum Structure

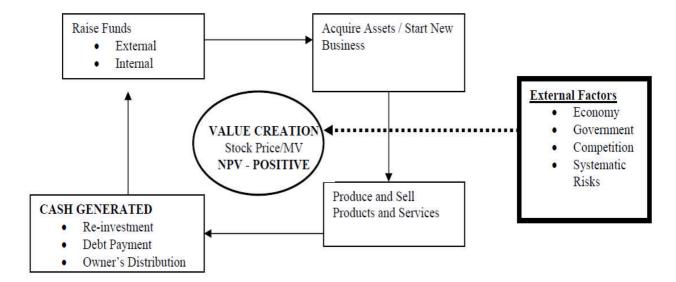
- o Foreign Exchange Strategies Hedge against FX moves International
- Lease or Buy (Equipment, Buildings, Trucks)
- Social Responsibility / Ethical Corporate Governance
 - o Shareholders
 - o Employees
 - o Community
 - o Bankers/Creditors
 - o Environmental

Exit Point

• Valuations (Market Value prices / Methodology) – Terminal Value

CASH FLOW GENERATION PROCESS

Cash Flow is one of the central elements of financial analysis, planning, and resource allocation decisions. The Financial Health of the firm depended on its ability to generate sufficient amounts of cash to pay its creditors, employees, suppliers, and owners. Later we will distinguish between Cash Flow and Net Income.



Sarbanes-Oxley (Enron)

Organizational Structure

